billion turnaround![7] (See Table 2.)

The other major variable is hospital costs. They have been shooting up at rates as high as 18 percent a year, and the commission assumes they will continue to outpace the overall rate of inflation. This may be a realistic assumption, but only because government policy permits what many articles in this publication and elsewhere have shown to be wasteful, inefficient, and misguided delivery and reimbursement systems.

Even if the health care system is permitted to continue as is, placing the burden of increased health care costs on the elderly ill is unconscionable. This choice by the Reagan Administration is simply another aspect of the broad policy of redistributing income from the poor and working people to the rich and the corporations; to free more money for the military without requiring any sacrifice by those who can best afford it. □

1. U.S. Bureau of Census, *Statistical Abstract of the U.S., 1982-83* (1982) p. 31 and p. 71.
2. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health – United States, 1982* (U.S. Government Printing Office, DHHS Pub. Nr. (PHS)83-1232) Dec. 1982, p. 53.
3. *ibid.* p. 103.
4. *New York Times*, August 28, 1983, Karen Davis, "The Crisis in Medicare."
5. National Center, *op. cit.* p. 36.
6. King, Roland E., "Actuarial Status of the Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds," *Social Security Bulletin*, Vol. 46, Nr. 10 (October, 1983) p. 11; and Harry C. Ballantyne, "Actuarial Status of the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds," *ibid.*, p. 5.

Index to Volume 14

(Note: the cover of Volume 14, Number 6-Volume 15, Number 1 was mislabelled Volume 13, Number 6-Volume 14, Number 1)

A

AIDS No. 3
American Hospital Supply Co. No. 2
American Nurses Association No. 3
Asbestos No. 3
Assault on the Worker No. 5

B

Berman, Daniel No. 5
Biotechnology No. 5
Black Lung disease No. 3
Black Women's Health Conference No. 4
Brown Lung disease No. 3

C

Canada No. 5
Capital budgets No. 4
Carson, W.G. No. 6
Childbirth No. 6
Childcare No. 5
Corruption No. 2
Cost-cutting No. 6
Cutbacks No. 1 2

D

Delaware Valley Toxics Coalition No. 4
Dental care No. 1,2,3
Doctor draft No. 2
DRG's No. 1
Dumpsite cleanups No. 4

E

El Salvador No. 6
Environmental Defense Fund No. 4
Environmental health No. 3,4,5,6
Eritrea No. 5

F

Free clinic No. 4

G

General Accounting Office No. 1
Gersuny, Carl No. 5
Gray Panthers No. 1
Great Britain No. 5,6
Grenada No. 6

H

Hazardous wastes No. 5
Health Facts No. 5
Health & Work Under Capitalism No. 5
Health Research Group No. 6
HMO's No. 5
Hoffman-LaRoche No. 2
Hospitals No. 1,2,3,4,6
Hospital Corporation of America No. 2,4
HSA's No. 4
Human rights No. 6

I

Immigration Reform and Control Act No. 2

J

Johnson & Johnson No. 2

K

Kuhn, Maggie No. 1

M

Maclean Hospital No. 4
McCaffrey, David P. No. 5
Medical supply industry No. 2
Medicaid No. 1
Medicare No. 1
Merck No. 1
Michigan No. 2
Military hospitals No. 6
Missing Pieces No. 2
Mississippi No. 4

billion turnaround![7] (See Table 2.)

The other major variable is hospital costs. They have been shooting up at rates as high as 18 percent a year, and the commission assumes they will continue to outpace the overall rate of inflation. This may be a realistic assumption, but only because government policy permits what many articles in this publication and elsewhere have shown to be wasteful, inefficient, and misguided delivery and reimbursement systems.

Even if the health care system is permitted to continue as is, placing the burden of increased health care costs on the elderly ill is unconscionable. This choice by the Reagan Administration is simply another aspect of the broad policy of redistributing income from the poor and working people to the rich and the corporations; to free more money for the military without requiring any sacrifice by those who can best afford it. □

1. U.S. Bureau of Census, *Statistical Abstract of the U.S., 1982-83* (1982) p. 31 and p. 71.
2. National Center for Health Statistics, *Health – United States, 1982* (U.S. Government Printing Office, DHHS Pub. Nr. (PHS)83-1232) Dec. 1982, p. 53.
3. *ibid.* p. 103.
4. *New York Times*, August 28, 1983, Karen Davis, "The Crisis in Medicare."
5. National Center, *op. cit.* p. 36.
6. King, Roland E., "Actuarial Status of the Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Funds," *Social Security Bulletin*, Vol. 46, Nr. 10 (October, 1983) p. 11; and Harry C. Ballantyne, "Actuarial Status of the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds," *ibid.*, p. 5.

Index to Volume 14

(Note: the cover of Volume 14, Number 6-Volume 15, Number 1 was mislabelled Volume 13, Number 6-Volume 14, Number 1)

A

AIDS No. 3
American Hospital Supply Co. No. 2
American Nurses Association No. 3
Asbestos No. 3
Assault on the Worker No. 5

B

Berman, Daniel No. 5
Biotechnology No. 5
Black Lung disease No. 3
Black Women's Health Conference No. 4
Brown Lung disease No. 3

C

Canada No. 5
Capital budgets No. 4
Carson, W.G. No. 6
Childbirth No. 6
Childcare No. 5
Corruption No. 2
Cost-cutting No. 6
Cutbacks No. 1 2

D

Delaware Valley Toxics Coalition No. 4
Dental care No. 1,2,3
Doctor draft No. 2
DRG's No. 1
Dumpsite cleanups No. 4

E

El Salvador No. 6
Environmental Defense Fund No. 4
Environmental health No. 3,4,5,6
Eritrea No. 5

F

Free clinic No. 4

G

General Accounting Office No. 1
Gersuny, Carl No. 5
Gray Panthers No. 1
Great Britain No. 5,6
Grenada No. 6

H

Hazardous wastes No. 5
Health Facts No. 5
Health & Work Under Capitalism No. 5
Health Research Group No. 6
HMO's No. 5
Hoffman-LaRoche No. 2
Hospitals No. 1,2,3,4,6
Hospital Corporation of America No. 2,4
HSA's No. 4
Human rights No. 6

I

Immigration Reform and Control Act No. 2

J

Johnson & Johnson No. 2

K

Kuhn, Maggie No. 1

M

Maclean Hospital No. 4
McCaffrey, David P. No. 5
Medical supply industry No. 2
Medicaid No. 1
Medicare No. 1
Merck No. 1
Michigan No. 2
Military hospitals No. 6
Missing Pieces No. 2
Mississippi No. 4

N

Napoli, Maryann No. 3
National League of Nurses No. 3
Navarro, Vicente No. 5
Nestle's boycott No. 6
New York No. 2,4
Nicaragua No. 5,6
Nurses No. 3,5

O

Occupational safety and health No. 3,4,5
OSHA and the Politics of Health Regulation No. 5
Oxyphenbutazone No. 6

P

PAC's No. 2
Paterson, Craig No. 5
Pesticides No. 5,6
Pfizer No. 1
Pharmaceutical Manufacturer's Assoc. No. 1
Phenylbutazone No. 6
Physician incomes No. 1
Physicians No. 4

R

Reasons, Charles E. No. 5
Right to Know Legislation No. 4
Ross, Lois L. No. 5

S

Sleep No. 4,5,6
Social Transformation of American Medicine No. 1
Squibb No. 1
Starr, Paul No.1
Stimtech No. 2
Suicide No. 6

T

Tax write-offs No. 2
Teenage pregnancy No. 3

U

Undocumented, health care of No. 2

V

Voluntary Hospitals of America No. 2

W

Washington, DC No. 6
WIC program No. 1
Working Hazards and Industrial Conflict No. 5

Y

YWCA No. 1

Z

Zola, Irving Kenneth No. 2

If you want to see the progressive health movement, the best chance you've ever had will be at ***The Health/PAC Award Dinner***

Honoring

Twenty Years of Struggle for Health and Civil Rights: The Unbreakable Bond

with presentation of

THE FIRST ANNUAL SAMUEL RUBIN HEALTH AND SOCIAL JUSTICE AWARD

to

Ruby Dee and Al Vann

Monday, May 7, 6-9 p.m.

buffet dinner

at the historic Village Gate

with entertainment by Sweet Honey in the Rock

and

Ossie Davis and Ruby Dee

The First Annual Samuel Rubin Health and Social Justice Award